

The Importance of Resource Mapping for the Private Sector

Sean Whittaker
International Finance Corporation (IFC)
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IFC at a Glance: Private Sector Arm of World Bank

Our activities:

- World's largest multilateral source of financing for the private sector in emerging markets with a US\$55 billion portfolio
- Provide up to 35% of a project's financing in debt/equity
- Our work in renewable energy:
 - Over half of IFC's power sector portfolio exposure is in renewable energy projects
 - Invested more than US\$600 million in 1,600 Megawatts of wind projects in 15 projects in 9 countries
 - Invested almost \$100 million in two global wind OEMs



What Makes for Successful Wind Development?

- The ultimate objective for wind development:
 - You want good developers putting good turbines in good places for a good price
- What do these good developers look for?
 - Certainty, certainty, certainty, certainty ...
- So ... the "name of the game" is to reduce risk:
 - Four types of risk: Technology risk, credit risk, interconnection risk, production risk
 - High risk = low certainty = high finance cost = high power price
 - Low risk = high certainty = low finance cost = low power price
 - Production risk has proven to be a huge challenge ...



A Brief History of Wind Resource Estimation

- The bad news:
 - Industry has historically overestimated energy yields
 - Off-takers and financiers have not been demanding enough
 - Modelers have had difficulty with complex terrain etc.
- The good news:
 - Developers have learned that it pays to do it right
 - Off-takers and banks are more demanding
 - Models are much better than they were before



How to Reduce Production Risk?

- At prospecting stage, good data is critical:
 - High-quality, accessible, country-level mesoscale wind maps help good developers identify good sites
 - The more data the better: GIS files on protected areas, flora & fauna, land registry, geotechnical, slope etc.
- Sends important signal to private sector:
 - Shows that countries are serious about wind development
 - Provides comfort to private sector
 - Provides a level playing field



So, all you need is a good mesoscale model, right?

- No!
 - Mesoscale models (~ 5 km) tell you where wind farms should go
 - Micro-siting (< 100 m) tells you where wind turbines should go
- What to look for in good micro-siting:
 - Need on-site, top-quality, calibrated instrumentation set up by experienced people
 - Need at least one year of data at various heights (good to have nearby long-term correlation too)
 - Need wind resource assessments done by experienced people
- What this will give you:
 - Low risks on production = no surprises



Summary

- Country-level mesoscale maps are very important ...
 - Critical if you want to attract good developers building good projects in good places
 - More is better: it helps to provide other GIS data
- ... but you still need micro-siting ...
 - Be demanding!
 - Go with experience
- ... because it's all about certainty!

