

STATE BANK OF INDIA – SOLAR KNOWLEDGE EXCHANGE 2019

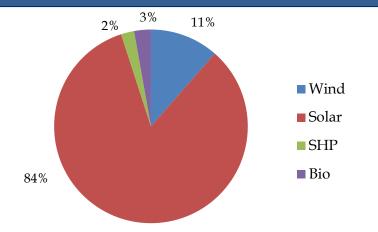


Energy Sector Management Assistance Program (ESMAP)



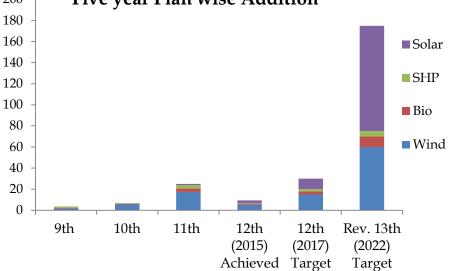
Renewable Energy in India - Current Scenario

Renewable Energy Potential ~900 GW



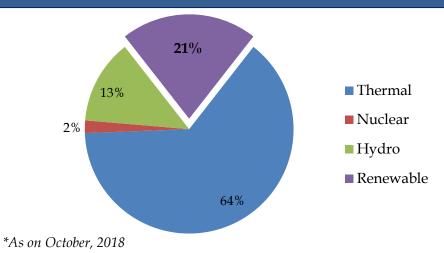
As Per Annual Report 2017, MNRE

Renewable Energy Capacity Addition (in GW)



Five year Plan wise Addition

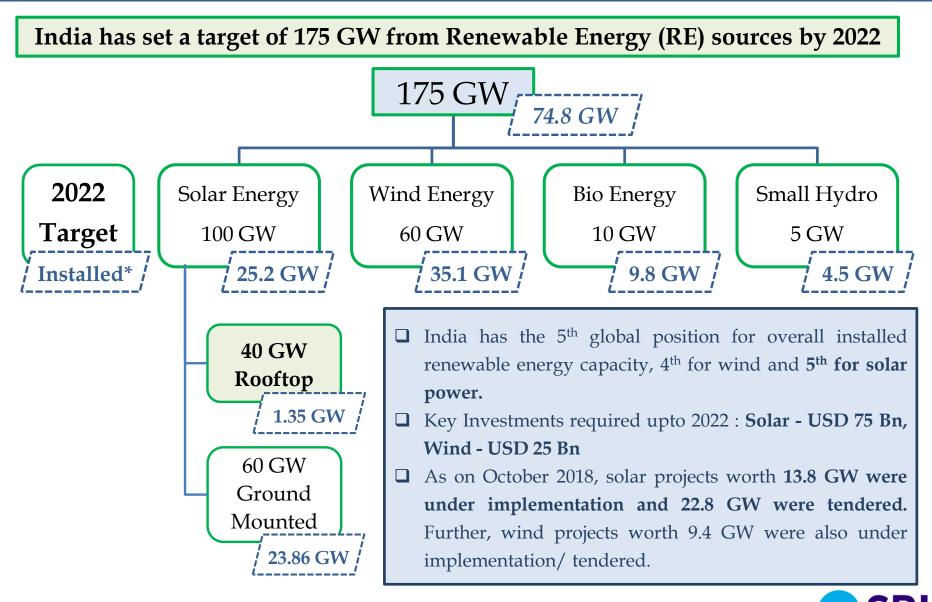
Total Installed Capacity ~73.35 GW*



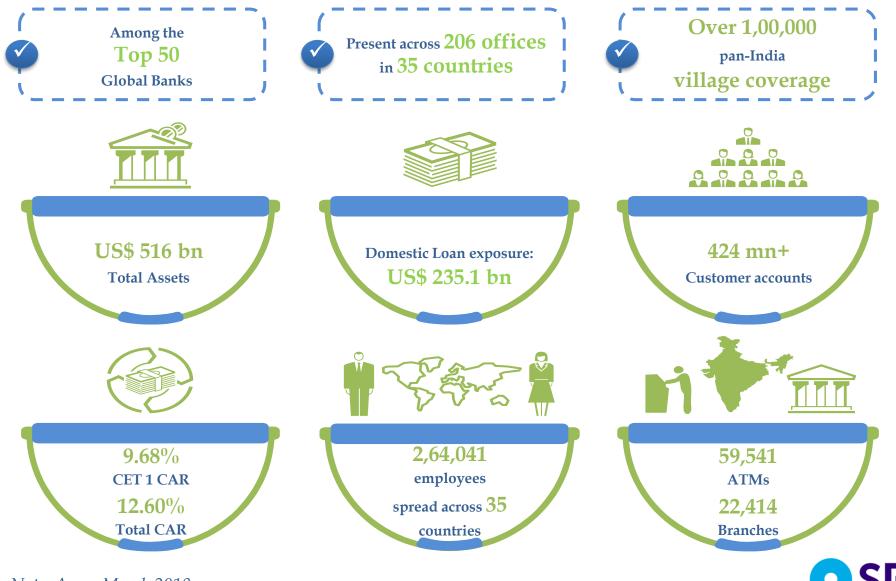
Increasing Share of Renewable Energy

- According to MNRE, there is a potential of ~900 GW in grid connected renewable power due to high solar irradiation, high wind velocities, significant annual production of biomass and numerous rivers.
- Reduced domestic coal supply, variation in international coal prices and need to reduce carbon footprint are compelling reasons for increased focus by the government on renewable energy sources.
- Policy and regulatory steps viz. preferential tariffs, RPO, REC, etc. have led to substantial increase in installed renewable energy capacity.

Renewable Energy in India - Targets



SBI – India's Largest Commercial Bank



Note: As on March 2018

SBI's Green Initiatives



- In line with the Government's target of 175 GW of renewable power capacity by 2022, SBI has committed to finance viable renewable energy projects of ~15 GW (~USD 11.5 Billion) from 2015 to 2020
- As on Mar 2018: Loans of USD 3.5 Bn sanctioned to finance 512 renewable energy projects of ~10.3 GW:
 - ✓ Wind: USD 1.8 bn
 - ✓ Solar: USD 1.7 bn

INTERNATIONAL PARTNERSHIPS

SBI is partnering with various multilaterals, bilateral agencies and ECAs like **World Bank, KFW, EIB, JBIC** for green financing at concessional rates to support renewable energy projects by making loans more affordable. Exploring financing of climate smart cities under the Smart Cities Mission of the Government via issuance of municipal bonds, etc.



INTERNAL MEASURES

Green building certification for many of its premises;



- **Rainwater harvesting**, **waste management**, replacing use of paper through **digitization**;
- For captive consumption at offices:
 - **Windmills** (10 since 2010),



- **Solar panels** (2.85 MW till date)
- Installation of solar ATMs (~1,200 on 31-Mar-18)
- **Energy efficiency** LED lights, efficient ACs, solar water heaters, energy conservation tools in IT operations, etc.;
 - SBI GREEN MARATHON

SBI's **Green Marathon** to spread awareness on climate related issues.



SBI's Green Initiatives

1st Sustainability Report: 2016

First by any Indian public sector bank 2nd Sustainability Report: 2017 based on the Global Reporting Initiative [(GR)I-G4] guidelines 3rd Sustainability Report: 2018 Aligned to UN's Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)



• SBI has a philosophy of **"Integrated Sustainability**" that seeks to leverage the synergy between Social, Environmental and Economic aspects of business.

- To pursue sustainability throughout the organization, SBI has conducted **capacity building exercise** at its Corporate Centre and all Circles (local head offices).
- Corporate Centre Sustainability Committee and Circle Sustainability Committee constituted for effective monitoring and deliverance of sustainability initiatives.
- SBI has also associated itself with the likes of *CII*, *FICCI*, *ASSOCHAM*, *GIZ*, *GRI*, etc. for showcasing its initiatives as well as aiding in internal capacity building & knowledge sharing.

SBI's MEMBERSHIPS

Member of The Science and Technology in Society (STS) forum





Signatory member to Carbon Disclosure Project (CDP) in India

- Gold Community member of Global Reporting Initiative (GRI);

- Corporate member of GRI Sustainable Development Goals Agenda 2030 South Asia.





Member of ISA's Global Leadership Task Force of Corporates on Innovation, Chair of the Financial Innovation Mission of the ISA

FURTHER INITIATIVES

- SBI's **Carbon Neutrality Project** for attaining "Carbon Neutral" status is slated to start soon.
- Completion of **100 solar power installations at SBI's own premises** expected shortly.
- Member of The Climate Grups-EV-100: transitioning to Electrical Vehicle.

SBI's International Partnerships for Climate Finance

Name Category		Purpose	Amount (USD mn)
The World Bank	Rooftop Solar	Supporting Grid Connected Rooftop Solar PV in India	648.0*
	Solar PV	Solar Projects under the Indo-German Solar Partnership	177.0#
BANKENGRUPPE	Affordable Housing	Affordable housing loan portfolio of SBI	274.0
KfW German Development Bank	Microfinance, Agrifinance	Microfinance and Agrifinance (Priority Sector Lending)	300.0
European Investment	Solar PV	Supporting Grid Connected Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Projects in India	214.3
Bank	Renewable	Supporting projects of small/ mid-sized corporates and projects involving climate change mitigation & adaptation	220.0
Japan Bank for International Cooperation	International		90.0

* The facility includes an **IBRD** and **CTF loan facility** for debt-funding, a **CTF Grant** for meeting program expenditure and a **GEF Grant** for bad debt reserve & capacity building.

* In addition to this, a Technical Assistance Package has been provided primarily for setting up an Environmental and Social Management System (ESMS) by SBI.

SBI – World Bank LoC: Structure



Multilateral/ Bilateral Institutions/ ECAs

Foreign Currency Loan

STATE BANK OF INDIA

Local Currency Loan

Line of Credit (LoC) under World Bank's "**Program-for-Results" (PforR)** – Program based lending

Advantage to the Foreign Lender



Avoids concentration of risk on an individual project

Aggregation possible (due to intermediary bank like SBI) to support such climate initiatives on a large scale



SBI – World Bank LoC: Facility

USD 648 mn facility		Program-for-Results		lts	Project Impln Unit	
Sanctioned by World Bank to SBI for funding grid connected rooftop solar PV projects for a five year period ending November 2021.		Funded under WB's relatively new financing instrument, PforR, that disbursement directly to achieving specific program results.		ment, ement	A separate internal unit in SBI housed within its Credit Policy & Procedures Department; acts as an overall coordinator and nodal point.	
USD 500 Mn IBRD Loan	USD 120 CTF Loa		USD 5 Mn CTF Grant		D 10 Mn F Grant	USD 12.94 Mn GEF Grant
Debt funding Grid Connected Rooftop Solar PV Projects			Meeting program expenditure	Reserv	eating a re Fund for d debts	Capacity building of key stakeholders
Current Utilisation: USD 258.5 MN						
USD 188.6 Mn	USD 45.8	Mn	USD 5 Mn	USD 8.7 Mn		



SBI – World Bank LoC: Facility

Benchmark Parameters	Details
Target Group	Sole Proprietorships, Partnership Firms / LLPs, and Companies
Purpose	To finance GC-RSPV projects at Commercial, Industrial and Institutional Buildings
Business Models	OPEX (RESCO) and CAPEX
D:E Ratio	Maximum 75:25
ROI	1 Year MCLR + 20 bps to 50 bps based on borrower's creditworthiness # current 1yr MCLR is 8.55% p.a., hence, 8.75% p.a. to 9.05% p.a.
Loan Tenor (Max.)	15 Years including a moratorium of up to 1 year post DCCO*, OR 80% of PPA tenor, whichever is lower
Type of Offtaker	Commercial, Industrial & Institutional Customers
Financial Covenants	 FACR : 1.25 (Minimum) Avg Gross DSCR at: P75: 1.35 or P90: 1.15
World Bank Conditions	 Compliance with conditions stipulated by World Bank with respect to Environment, Health, Safety and Social (EHSS) measures, Procurement, Anti-corruption guidelines, etc.

*DCCO - Date of commencement of commercial operations



SBI – World Bank LoC: Borrower Models

RESCC

CAPEX

The borrower sets up rooftop solar project with the intent to reduce his own power costs. Residual power, if any, can be fed to the grid.

The Borrower would approach an EPC contractor for installation of the project. O&M contract may be given to the same EPC contractor or some other person.

Debt servicing is dependent on the main business activity of the Borrower.

Financial appraisal would be like any other asset (e.g. machinery) financing proposal.

RESCO will develop the rooftop solar projects for its clients on the agreed terms and conditions.

RESCO would enter into a long term legally binding lease, right to use or similar agreement for the roof on which solar project will be installed.

RESCO will also enter into a PPA for the supply of power. The same RESCO is likely to take up multiple projects across different locations.

RESCO would be borrower in Bank's books and liable for repayment of loan

SBI – World Bank LoC: Unique Features

Advantage Rooftop

- Makes use of unused space, avoids need for additional land dedicated to energy production. Also, doesn't face challenges associated with land acquisition/ conversion that is a major cause of delays in implementation in utility scale solar projects;
- Makes use of existing grid infrastructure;
- Produces power near point of consumption, resulting in reduction in transmission & distribution losses

Technical Soundness & Quality Assurance

- Program conforms to international experience and good practice in GRPV including technical standards; grid integration of RSPV and business models. Established quality assurance and control systems.
- Modules and other equipment procured must meet MNRE's minimum technical specifications, such as BSI/IEC certification for modules.
- SBI will engage an Independent Engineer (LIE) for investments >INR 100 crore (~USD 14 mn) to ensure investments meet the minimum technical standards.

Focus on Commercial & Industrial Customers

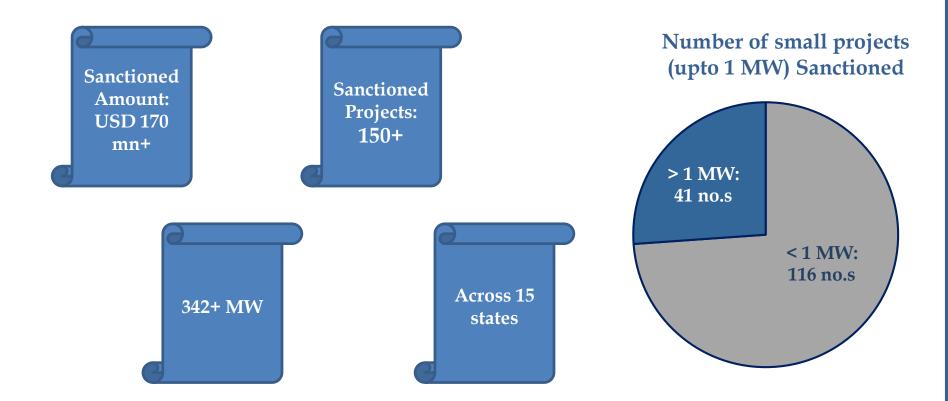
- Commercial and industrial (C&I) customers pay higher tariffs for electricity through the grid, vis-à-vis residential customers. Hence, generation of power via GC-RSPV is more economically attractive to the C&I segment.
- Industries such as textile, automobile, food processing, manufacturing units, hospitals, hotels, educational institutions, etc. have large unutilized roof space, can be used for GC-RSPV installation.

Compliance with international EHSS benchmarks

- The Program helps achieve the dual objectives of reducing Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions as well as increasing access to electricity. Other social benefits include air quality improvement, employment opportunities to local communities, etc.
- Specific EHSS requirements by World Bank ensures adoption of best international practices for EHSS; also enhances capacity of all stakeholders (including SBI) to effectively identify, assess, manage and mitigate environmental and social issues.

SBI – World Bank LoC: Progress

PROGRESS SINCE INCEPTION OF THE PROGRAM



Out of the 150+ sanctions, SBI has sanctioned maximum loans (116 loans) in the < 1 MW category which shows its efforts to reach smaller customers helping them implement the rooftop solar project successfully.



Further Measures to Boost the Program

External Capacity Building

External Capacity	• A Technical Assistance (TA) program funded by the grant funds provided by
Building initiatives	World Bank is underway for the capacity building of all stakeholders including
	DISCOMS, SNAs, SERCs. A Project Management Consultant (PMC) viz. E&Y
	Consortium has been appointed for managing the TA program

• An MNRE-led sub-steering committee oversees the implementation and progress of the TA program.

Internal Capacity Building

Trainings	for	SBI	• As a part of training to financial institutions, PMC (E&Y) in collaboration with		
staff			SBI periodically conducts training programs on solar rooftop financing for SBI		
			officials. These trainings cover various aspects of financing rooftop solar projects		
			such as structure of the sector, the business models, financing opportunities, risks		
			and mitigation strategies, costing and project feasibility evaluation,		
			environmental and social considerations, etc.		
			SBI officials are also regularly encouraged and nominated for attending trainings		
			on technical and financial appraisal of rooftop solar projects by external sector		
			specialists.		
Campaign l	aunch	ed	• SBI has started a Reward and Recognition (R&R) scheme campaign for its officials		
			for financing rooftop solar projects from October 2018 till March 2019.		

Further Measures to Boost the Program

Facilitating Loans to Small Scale Industries

Contributing ~38% of India's GDP, the MSME sector represents widely untapped demand in the solar rooftop C&I segment. However, MSME players face various challenges in arranging long term financing due to lack of an established credit history (mostly unrated) and lack of adequate collateral. Also, the sector lacks awareness of the significant potential of cost savings that a rooftop solar arrangement can offer. Steps taken by SBI to tap financing opportunities with small scale borrowers are -

Outreach program with MSMEs	Solar awareness workshops are being conducted in various SME clusters – Pune (automobile), Hyderabad (pharma), Surat (textile) & Vizag (food processing), to increase policy, benefit and financing related awareness among SMEs. This should help in encouraging more SMEs to approach bank for rooftop solar lending	
1 MW Scheme	A customized product for projects up to 1 MW has been drawn up for small borrowing units that can be targeted for setting up rooftop solar PV systems on their factory/ godown/ office buildings to save their cost on electricity charges. • Loan upto 80% of project cost • Repayment period upto 10 years • Int. Rate MCLR (1Y) plus 20 to 50 bps spread	
E-DFS Scheme	A customised product for providing additional funding to petrol pump dealers (existing e-DFS borrowers-IOCL/BPCL/HPC) for setting up solar panel on their retail outlet building's rooftop under the Program to save on their electricity costs.	



THANK YOU

