WORLD BANK GROUP OFFSHORE WIND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

THE VAST POTENTIAL OF OFFSHORE WIND IN EMERGING MARKETS

JUNE 2020











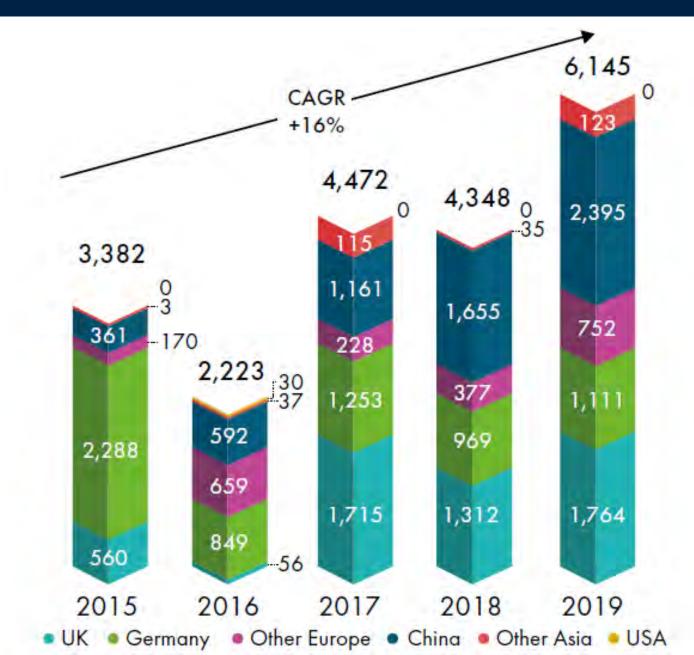


Offshore wind has grown quickly ...

New Offshore Wind Installations (GW)

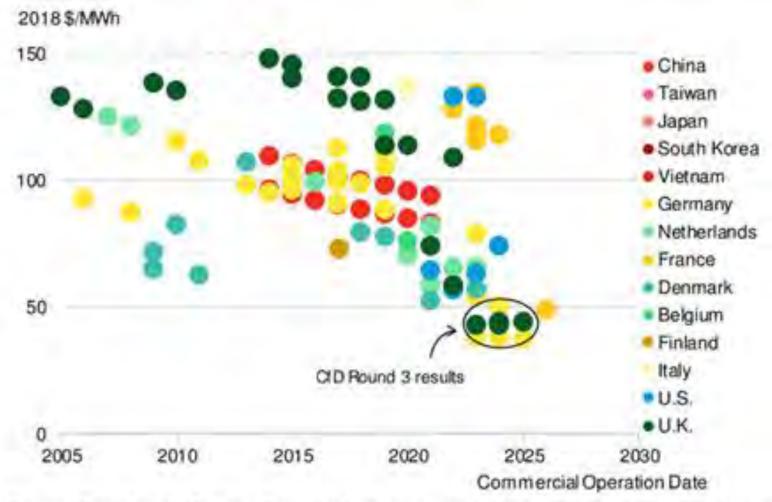
Source: Global Wind Energy Council (GWEC)

Now ~29GW currently operational worldwide



Why? Power at a competitive price ...

Levelized offshore wind tariffs, 2005 – 2030 (2018 \$/MWh)



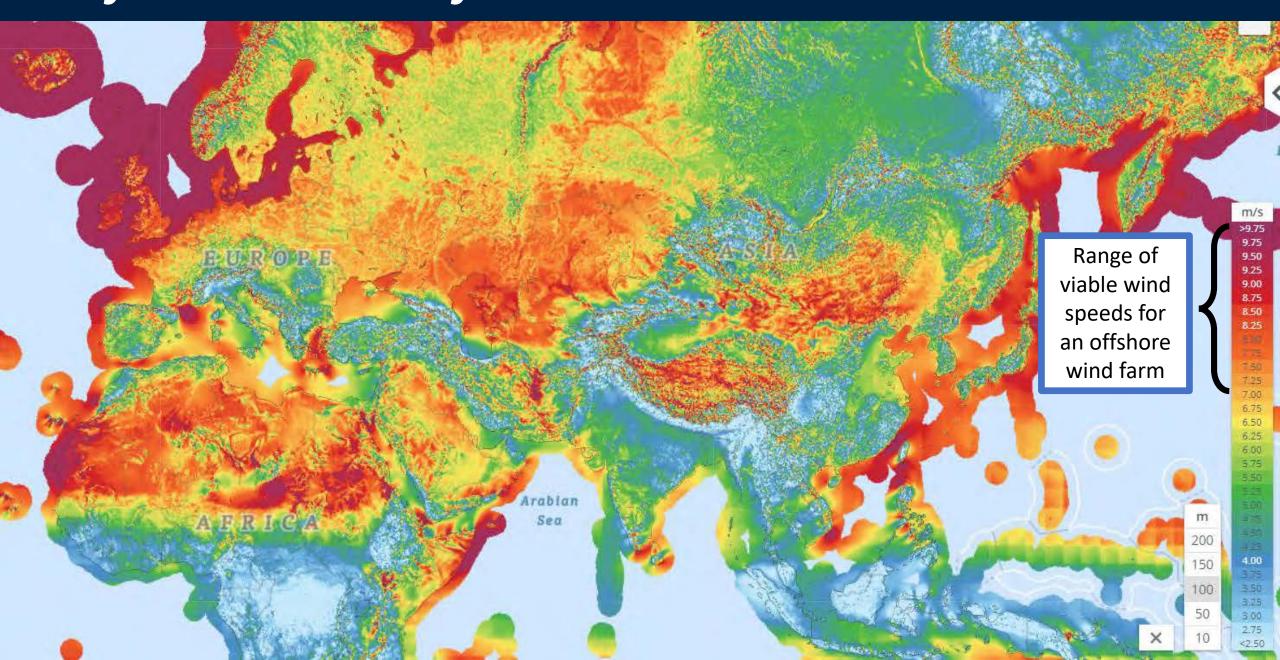
Source: BloombergNEF. Note: Figures refer to an estimated levelized price, taking into account tariff price and length, inflation, a merchant tail assumption and a 25-year lifetime. Prices above \$150/MWh were omitted. The full cost of transmission to shore is included in some but not others.

Why? Clean power with energy security



Source: The Economist

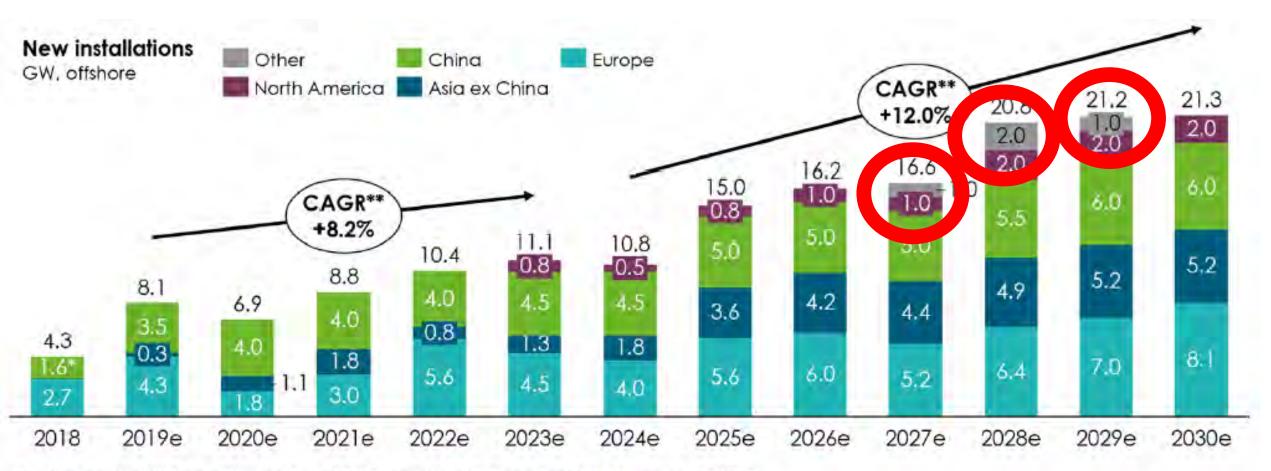
Why? Power where you need it with no land constraints



Why? Power even in deep waters ...



But will a rising tide raise all boats?



^{*} Chinese installation adjusted to 1.6 GW new installations for 2018, Source: CWEA

Source: GWEC Market Intelligence Offshore Wind Outlook 2030 (June 2019)

^{**} CAGR = Compound Annual Growth Rate

What are the challenges in Emerging Markets?

Need for infrastructure:

- Need large ports and staging areas for installation
- Need fleet of installation and service vessels

Need for adapted technology:

- Need typhoon-class turbines for high-risk areas
- Need special foundations for seismic conditions

Need to consider environmental and social:

- Manage impacts on avian and marine fauna
- Active engagement with stakeholders

Need for bankable projects:

- Attract experienced international players
- Reduced risks = reduced prices

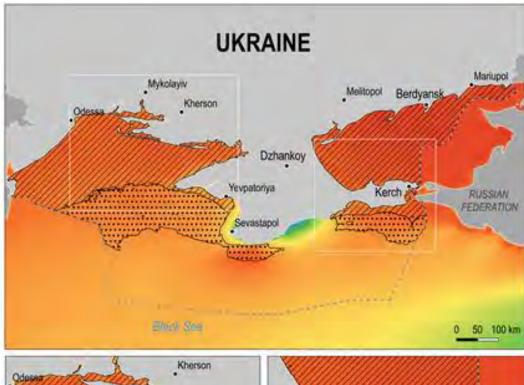


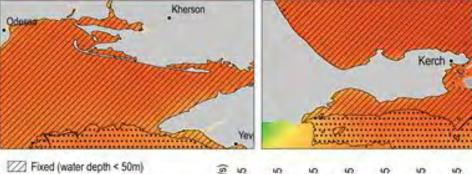


Mapping the Technical Potential

Dataset	Value Threshold	Details
Wind speed*	> 7m/s	Wind speeds above 7 m/s are assumed as optimal resources
Bathymetry	< 50 m	Water depths of 50 m or less for fixed foundation offshore wind projects
Bathymetry	50 – 1,000 m	Water depths between 50m and 1,000m are considered suitable for floating foundations
Resulting Areas	> 10 km ²	The resulting areas were further filtered by size, with areas covering a minimum of 10 km ² considered suitable for the installation of an offshore wind farm
Technical Potential (in GW installed capacity)	3MW/km2 4MW/km2	The technical potential for each opportunity zone has been computed by assuming: • a density of 3 MW per km ² for wind speeds between 7–8 m/s • a density of 4 MW per km ² for wind speeds greater than 8 m/s.

Note: All wind speeds used were annual average wind speeds, taken at 100m elevation from the sea surface – approximately the hub-height of an offshore wind turbine





Floating (water depth < 1000m)

--- Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ)

Findings - Countries Analyzed

Going Global report

- Brazil
- India
- Morocco
- Philippines
- South Africa
- Sri Lanka
- Turkey
- Vietnam
- Algeria
- Argentina
- Azerbaijan
- Bangladesh
- Bulgaria
- Chile
- China
- Colombia
- Costa Rica
- Djibouti

- Dominican Republic
- Egypt, Arab Rep.
- Eritrea
- Fiji
- Haiti
- Honduras
- Indonesia
- Jamaica
- Kazakhstan
- Kenya
- Lebanon
- Libya
- Madagascar
- Maldives
- Mauritania
- Mexico
- Mozambique
- Myanmar
- Namibia

- Nicaragua
- Pakistan
- Papua New Guinea
- Peru
- Poland
- Romania
- Senegal
- Tanzania
- Tunisia
- Turkmenistan
- Ukraine
- Uruguay
- Vanuatu
- Venezuela, R.B.
- Yemen, Rep.
- Caribbean Islands
- Caspian Sea
- Black Sea

Check out all maps online: https://esmap.org/offshore-wind

Offshore Wind Technical Potential in Uruguay RISE score: 56 Fixed: 190 GW || Floating: 85 GW || Total: 275 GW





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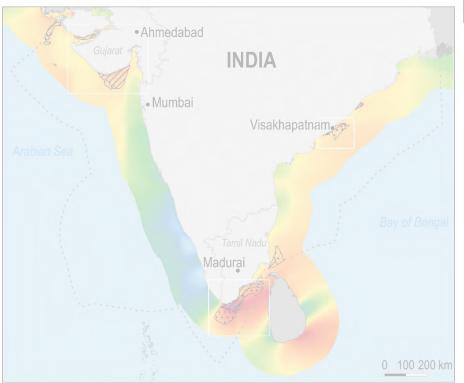


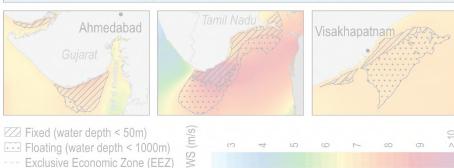


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What are the opportunities in eight key emerging markets?

India

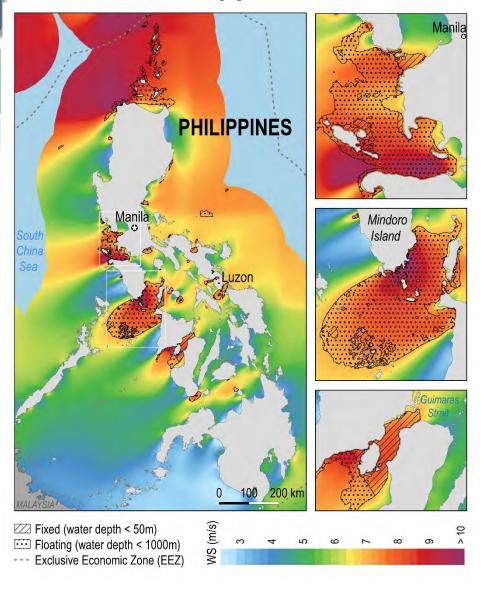




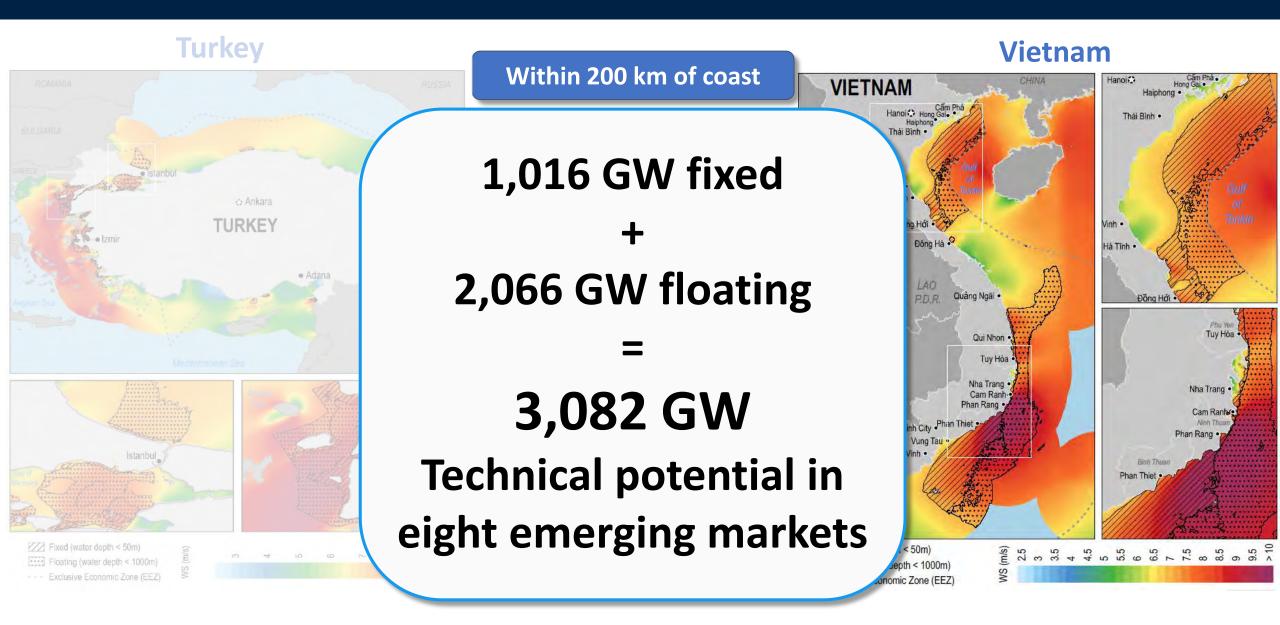
Within 200 km of coast

Country	Fixed (GW)	Floating (GW)
India	112	83

Philippines



What are the opportunities in eight key emerging markets?



What are opportunities in regions?

Offshore Wind Technical Potential in the Caribbean Islands

Fixed: 238 GW || Floating: 513 GW || Total: 751 GW



--- Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ)

0 50 100 km

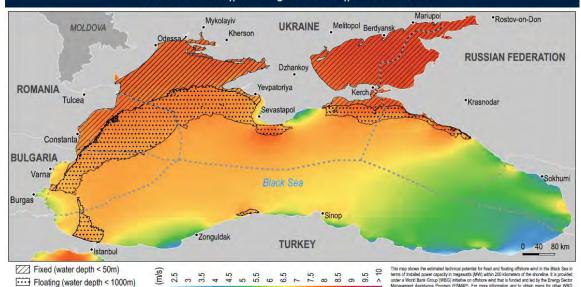
Fixed (water depth < 50m)

Floating (water depth < 1000m)

- - - Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ)

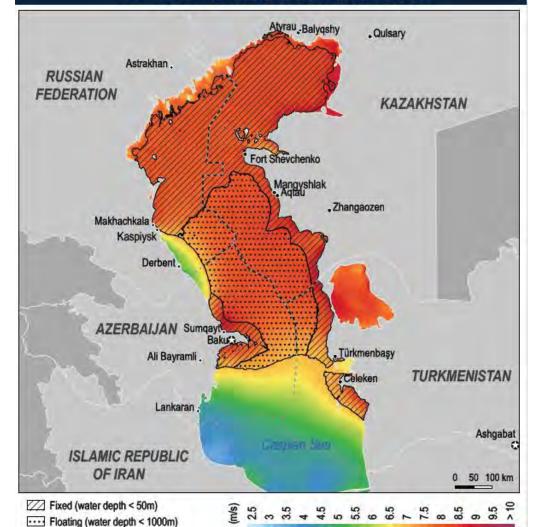
Offshore Wind Technical Potential in the Black Sea

Fixed: 269 GW || Floating: 166 GW || Total: 435 GW



Offshore Wind Technical Potential in the Caspian Sea

Fixed: 509 GW || Floating: 336 GW ||Total: 845 GW



Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ)

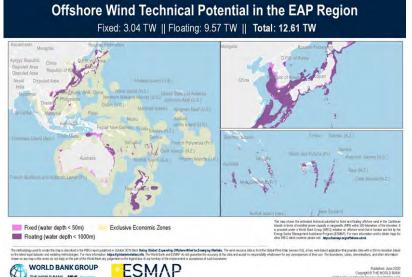
What are opportunities across 52 emerging markets?

Region	Total technical potential	Highlights
Latin America & Caribbean	6,343 GW	Highest regional potential, strong wind resource, good proximity to demand centers
Europe & Central Asia	1,192 GW	Favorable conditions in the Black Sea and the Caspian Sea which could become regional markets
East Asia Pacific	4,369 GW	Strong offshore wind resource, China has the largest potential of any country
Sub-Saharan Africa	2,260 GW	Strong potential primarily in floating wind due to relatively deep waters off the southern coast
Middle East & North Africa	1,145 GW	Moderate resource in Northern Africa, primarily in floating wind
South Asia	306 GW	Some good but limited resources, primarily in fixed foundation offshore wind
Total	15,615 GW	

Check out all maps online: https://esmap.org/offshore-wind

What are opportunities in regions?





Soon on ENERGYDATA.INFO

Next steps: assessing country-level hard and soft constraints

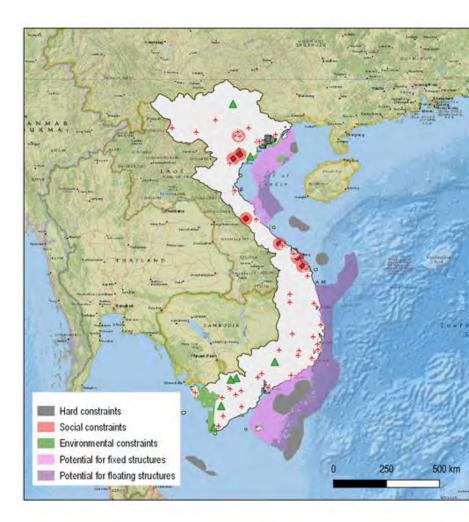


Major commercial shipping routes, oil and gas platforms, cable and pipeline infrastructure, protected wrecks, radar proximity, etc.

Fishing activities, disposal sites, marinas and bathing beaches, tourism spots, sites of cultural/religious importance, indigenous communities, etc.

Coastal and marine protected areas, bird migration routes, key biodiversity areas, sensitive habitats etc.

Electrical transmission grid, location of power plants, location of ports, natural hazard risks, etc.



Where to find our analysis and data?

- Going Global report: ESMAP Website https://esmap.org/going_global_offshore_wind
- Maps for 48 emerging markets: ESMAP Website https://esmap.org/offshore-wind
- Global Layers (.shp format):
 - 1. ENERGYDATA.INFO¹: http://energydata.info/
 - 2. DDH¹: https://datacatalog.worldbank.org/

^{1.} soon -pending approval from Cartography Unit



WBG Offshore Wind Development Program

Accelerating the uptake of offshore wind in emerging markets

Led by





Energy Sector Management Assistance Program

Partnership between the *World Bank* and 18 partners to help low and middle-income countries reduce poverty and boost growth through sustainable energy solutions.

In partnership with



International Finance Corporation

Largest development financial institution focused exclusively on the private sector in emerging markets



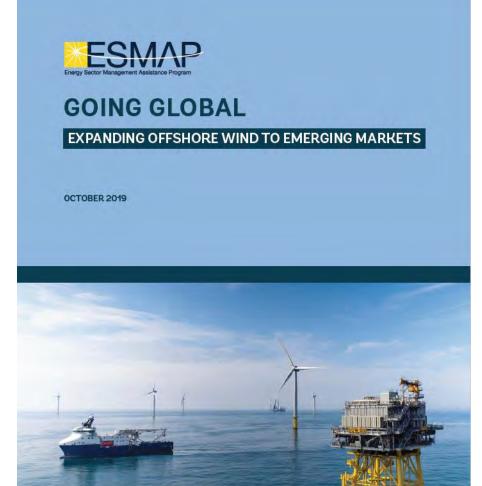
WBG Offshore Wind Development Program

Objective:

- Support the inclusion of offshore wind into policies
- Help establish a pipeline of bankable projects
- Five year program; budget ~\$US 10 million
- Collaboration with Global Wind Energy Council (GWEC)

Program components:

- 1. Knowledge generation, dissemination and exchange
- 2. Roadmap studies and technical assistance
- 3. Investment plan preparation



Typical Activities Supported by the Program

Global Work

Knowledge generation, dissemination and exchange:

- Reports on good practice, lessons learned and opportunities for emerging markets
- Mapping to identify and quantify offshore wind development potential
- Events, workshops and training to inform, educate and gather country support

Country Specific Work

Exploratory country studies and planning work:

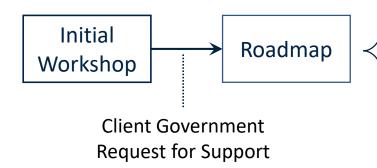
- Provide funding for roadmaps, planning and pre-feasibility level activities
- Demand-led, focus on countries with potential for bankable projects within 3-4 years

Preparation of investment plans:

- Assistance in scoping and funding detailed feasibility & site investigation work
- Draw on Good Practices for technical, E&S, procurement

Typical Country Activities Supported by the Program

Activities that can be supported by the program



Market Development Activities

Policy & Regulatory
Studies

Market Strategy Advice

Marine Spatial Planning

Grid Integration
Analysis

Port & Infrastructure
Assessment

Supply Chain & Economic Analysis

Project Development Activities

Site Characterization
Surveys

Wind Speed Measurements

Environmental & Social Assessments

Stakeholder Engagement

Tender Design & Management

Capacity Building & Technical Advisory

Financing for **Projects and Infra**

World Bank: Public Sector Lending (grid, shared infrastructure etc.)

IFC: Private Sector Lending (offshore wind projects, ports, supply chain etc.)

Country Roadmaps - Status

- **Vietnam:** Engaged BVG in February 2020 to undertake roadmap. Initial roadmap drafted for focused consultation
- **Sri Lanka:** Roadmap to be launched in Summer 2020. Highly engaged; focus on Gulf of Mannar possible link to India grid interconnection
- **Turkey:** Roadmap to be launched in Summer 2020. Focus on economic analysis, regulatory gap analysis, E&S risks.
- **Azerbaijan:** Roadmap under discussion with Government. Roadmap launch anticipated in mid-2020
- **Brazil:** Stakeholder workshop event postponed due to COVID-19. Continued engagement with EPE on possible support options
- Colombia: Discussions with government; exploring potential in Caribbean Sea
- India: Continuing dialogue with MNRE & SECI. Exploring interest in Tamil Nadu demonstration project.
- **South Africa:** Stakeholder workshop event postponed due to COVID-19. Engagement with CSIR. Possible event at Windaba in late 2020.



Coming Up...

• <u>Training</u>: Virtual study tour – September 2020:

Three day event with virtual tours around offshore wind supply chain firms, seminars
on key development topics, Q&A sessions with experts – organized by GWEC

• Training: Offshore Wind MOOC (Massive Open Online Course):

 Online training course covering a wide range of topics relevant to offshore wind development

Report: Key Factors for the Successful Development of OW

 Flagship report to capture important lessons learnt, good practice and relevant recommendations for government and stakeholders

Report: Environmental & Social Frameworks:

Support the planning and siting of offshore projects with lower environmental
 & social risks to help ensure bankability and uptake of good practice

• <u>Tool</u>: REZoning geospatial planning tool for renewable energy:

 Online geospatial planning tool incorporating constraints and economic analysis to identify and prioritize potential development zones

• Report: Large-scale green hydrogen and offshore wind:

Report analyzing the main design considerations when incorporating green hydrogen production into offshore wind projects





Concluding thoughts

- Offshore wind is growing quickly and needs to move to emerging markets soon
- Huge technical potential and opportunity is bigger than expected
- WBG Program's activities focused on accelerating this over the next few years



